



GWADAR LASBELA LIVELIHOOD SUPPORT PROJECT (PHASE-II)

What is GLLSP

Gwadar – Lasbela Livelihoods Support Project (GLLSP) – II in continuation of GLLSP – I, is a six-years project with objective “to sustainably increase the incomes and enhance the livelihoods of the rural poor fishermen’s and agricultural households in the project area”.

GLLSP II

Project Components



**COMMUNITY
DEVELOPMENT**



**FISHERIES VALUE
CHAIN DEVELOPMENT**



**PROJECT
MANAGEMENT**

BRIEF INTRODUCTION OF GLLSP-II



BACKGROUND:

Gwadar – Lasbela Livelihoods Support (GLLSP) – II in continuation of GLLSP – I, is a six-years project with objective “to sustainably increase the incomes and enhance the livelihoods of the rural poor fishermen’s and agricultural households in the project area”. The project will benefit around 100,000 hhs and cover the overall 400 villages of the two districts during a six-year implementation period. There will be a particular focus on women and youth. Necessary socio-economic infrastructure will be financed both for agricultural and fishing communities including community infrastructure, roads to markets, jetties and landing sites. All project interventions are aligned with IFAD Strategic Framework and IFAD 11 corporate priorities.

IFAD Blend Terms Loan	IFAD Grant	Government of Balochistan	Beneficiary share	Total Amount
PKR. 10,234.12 Million	PKR. 508.245 Million	PKR. 1,478.5 Million	PKR. 107.681 Million	PKR. 12,328.549 Million

The project consists of three complementary components:

A - Community Development is aimed at enabling rural communities to sustainably improve their incomes and livelihoods. This component consists of three complementary sub-components; (i) social mobilization sub-component will engage the target beneficiary households and result in 45 Union council development plans (UCDPs). These plans will reflect the identified needs and priorities covering both public and private/ household interventions; (ii) the poverty graduation sub-component will focus on provision of productive assets to ultra-poor, technical and enterprise training for poor, women empowerment and youth employment promotion; and, (iii) the social and economic infrastructure sub-component will address the priorities identified through UCDPs (400 CPIs/1 per village) and 40 kms of farm to market roads. The component also has specific interventions to augment climate smart agriculture and household nutrition improvements through the collaboration with Nutrition Section/SUN Movement Secretariate, Planning Commission and WFP.

B - Fisheries Value Chain Development is aimed at improving small fishing communities’ incomes (46,000 fisherfolks). The sub-component – fisheries value chain package - 4Ps business framework will be established at 30 landing sites (11 till MTR) involving professionally run fishing households’ cooperatives, private sector led factories, middle-men and banks and Department of Fisheries. The overall aim is to improve the quality of the fish catch reaching the factories, reduce wastage, expand marketing avenues and sustainably manage fish resource. The banking sector will be engaged for fishermen’s financial inclusion. The sub-component 2 – infrastructure will support construction of 3 jetties and allied infrastructure at prioritized sites. Linked to this are the fish market access roads of 80 km to be constructed to link landing sites and jetties with factories and trunk roads. The third sub-component will support Fisheries Department’s capacity building and institutional strengthening.

C - Project Management and Policy Support will finance the establishment of a Project Management Unit at Quetta, with two project implementation units (on each at Gwadar and Lasbela) and will also provide TA support to the provincial government in five domains of project relevance including youth development, nutrition and food security, climate change action planning, Fisheries Policy and law on fisheries cooperatives, updating and institutionalization of CDD approach under new Local Government Act.

GLLSP-II FIELD ACTIVITES



GLLSP-II engages the members of the community in the project area for their development in accordance to the need of the community.

(Field pictures from District Gwadar)



Assessment and Survey of Fish Catch areas and Fish markets for development of business plans for small farmers and other stakeholders.



Consultations meeting with stakeholders for planning and execution of project activities and achieving the target outcomes.

Project Expected Benefits (Results):

- 1- GLLSP II will build upon the development interventions and lessons learnt under GLLSP-I for enhanced impact.
- 2- The Second Phase of the project will have a more holistic poverty graduation approach covering all 0-40 hhs, by introducing poverty graduation as a continuous process of support, to help target households sustainably escape poverty through productive assets, youth employment, women empowerment and building resilient agriculture and livestock farming and a market-oriented approach to fisheries.
- 3- COs/VOs will be revamped and amalgamated to have larger foot-print and assured participation of all 0-40 households as members.
- 4- The women's active participation in development decision-making will be ensured in this process.
- 5- CPIs will be prioritized from a holistic village and Union Council development lens with larger investments and impact.
- 6- a comprehensive three-pronged fisheries value chain development will be pursued combining; value chain development package – 4Ps (fisherfolks capacity building and private sector engagement), infrastructure upgrading and a supportive policy and regulatory.
- 7- The capacity of the Fisheries Department with regards to policy, management and infrastructure construction will be enhanced through technical assistance and incremental staffing.